

MANSON
INSULATION

ALLEY WRAP™ B

Manson Insulation ALLEY WRAP™ B insulation is a thermal insulation blanket made from highly resilient, inorganic glass fibers bonded by ECOSE® Technology. The ALLEY WRAP™ B is designed for external insulation on commercial or residential heating and air conditioning units, and is available unfaced, with a foil-scrim-kraft (FSK) jacket, and with a white metalized polypropylene-scrim-kraft (PSK) jacket.



Performance dashboard

Features & functionality

- Low “k” factor significantly reduces heat gain or loss when applied with proper compression
- Flexible and lightweight
- Can lower operating and installation costs
- Low emitting for indoor air quality considerations and formaldehyde-free

Visit Manson for more product information [ALLEY WRAP™ B](#)

Environment & materials

Improved by:

- Utilization of recycled glass
- Manson's original bio-based binder technology
- Optimized compression packaging

Certification & rating systems:

- Declare, Red List Free and HPD v2.3
- UL GREENGUARD Gold certified
- UL Validated recycled content
- UL Validated formaldehyde-free
- Audited, European Certification Board for Mineral Wool Products exoneration process
- ASTM C 1290 - Type I (unfaced), Type II, III (faced)
- ASTM C553 - Type I and II (0.75 PCF), Type I and II 1.0 PCF, Type I, II, and III (1.5 PCF)

MasterFormat® 07 21 16, 23 07 13
Thermal Insulation Guide Specification
For spec help, [contact us](#) or call 317 421 8727

[See LCA, interpretation & rating systems](#)



 **SM Transparency Report (EPD)™**

EPD LCA

3rd-party reviewed 
Transparency Report (EPD)

3rd-party verified 

Validity: 02/23/24 – 02/23/29
MAN – 02232024 – 009

MATERIAL HEALTH Material evaluation

Self-declared 

This environmental product declaration (EPD) was externally verified by Harmony Environmental, LLC, according to ISO 21930:2017; UL Part A; UL Part B for Building Envelope Thermal Insulation Products; and ISO 14025:2006.

Harmony Environmental, LLC
16362 W. Briarwood Ct.
Olathe, KS 66062
www.harmonyenviro.com
(913) 780-3328



SUMMARY

Reference PCR
UL Part B: Building Envelope Thermal Insulation v2.0

Regions; system boundaries
North America; Cradle-to-grave

Functional unit / ESL:
1 m² installed insulation material, packaging included, with thickness that gives average thermal resistance of R_{SI} = 1m²·K/W over an estimated service life (ESL) of 75 years

LCIA methodology: TRACI 2.1

LCA software; LCI database
LCA for Experts v10.7; LCA for Experts 2023

In accordance with ISO 14044 and the reference PCR, this life cycle assessment was conducted by Sustainable Minds and verified by Harmony Environmental, LLC.

Public LCA:
Knauf Insulation North America and Manson Insulation Products, updated Feb 2024 with wrap products

Manson Insulation
One Knauf Drive
Shelbyville, IN 46176
www.imanson.com
317 398 4434

[Contact us](#)

LCA results & interpretation

ALLEY WRAP™ B

Lanett, AL

Shelbyville, IN

EPD additional content

Scope and summary

Cradle to gate Cradle to gate with options Cradle to grave

Application

ALLEY WRAP™ B is designed for external insulation on commercial or residential heating and air conditioning units. It is suitable for the exterior of rectangular or round sheet metal ducts, as well as spaces or surfaces where temperature and condensation must be controlled.

Functional unit

One square meter of installed insulation material, packaging included, with a thickness that gives an average thermal resistance of $R_{si} = 1m^2 \cdot K/W$ with a building service life of 75 years.

Reference service life: 75 years when installed per manufacturer's instructions
Reference flow: 0.772 kg of product with foil skim kraft (FSK) facer.

A thickness of 0.0388m achieves the functional unit. (ASTM C518)

Manufacturing data

Reporting period: January 2022 – December 2022
Location: Lanett, AL

Default installation, packaging, and disposal scenarios

At the installation site, insulation products are unpackaged and installed. Staples may be used to install rolls. The potential impact of the staples is assumed to be negligible since their use is spread out over hundreds of rolls of product; therefore, they were not included in the model.

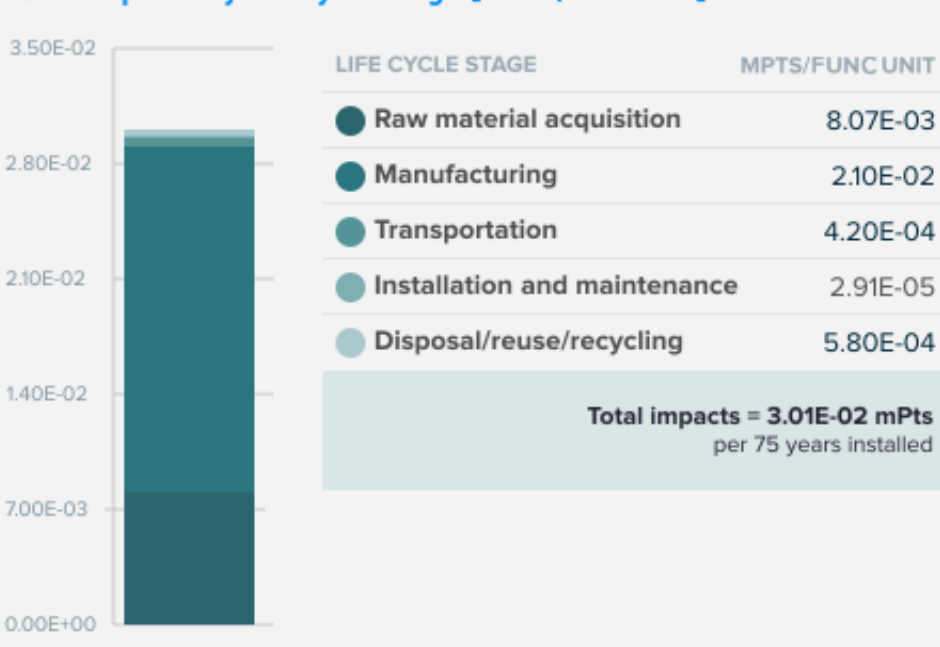
No material is assumed to be lost or wasted. Scraps are typically used to fill corners or crevices. Plastic packaging waste is disposed (9% to recycling, 68% to landfill, and 17% to incineration), and no maintenance or replacement is required over the life of the building. After removal, the insulation is assumed to be landfilled. Insulation and packaging waste are assumed to be transported 100 miles for disposal.

FSK faced product composition and impacts

Material composition greater than 1% by weight

PART	MATERIAL	%WT.
Batch	Cullet	20-25%
Batch	Sand	10-15%
Batch	Borates	5-8%
Batch	Soda ash	5-8%
Batch	Feldspar	2-5%
Batch	Limestone	2-5%
Binder	Water	20-25%
Binder	Sugars	5-8%
Binder	Additives	2-5%
Facer	FSK facer	15-20%
Packaging	Plastic	1-2%

Total impacts by life cycle stage [mPts/func unit]



LCA results

LIFE CYCLE STAGE	RAW MATERIAL ACQUISITION	MANUFACTURING	TRANSPORTATION	INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE	DISPOSAL/ REUSE/ RECYCLING
	(X) A1 Raw materials	(X) A3 Manufacturing	(X) A4 Distribution	(X) A5 Installation	(X) C1 Deconstruction
	(X) A2 Transportation			(X) B1 Use	(X) C2 Transportation
				(X) B2 Maintenance	(X) C3 Waste processing
				(X) B3 Repair	(X) C4 Disposal
				(X) B4 Replacement	
				(X) B5 Refurbishment	
				(X) B6 Operational energy use	
				(X) B7 Operational water use	

Information modules:
Included (X) | Excluded (MND)*

*Module D is also excluded from this system boundary (MND).

SM Single Score [Learn about SM Single Score results](#)

Impacts per 1 square meter of insulation material	8.07E-03 mPts	2.10E-02 mPts	4.20E-04 mPts	2.91E-05 mPts	5.80E-04 mPts
Materials or processes contributing >20% to total impacts in each life cycle stage	Batch material and binder material production.	Energy required to melt the glass and produce the glass fibers.	Truck and rail transportation used to transport product to building site.	Transportation to landfill and landfiling of packaging materials.	Transportation to landfill and landfiling of product at end of life.

TRACI v2.1 results per functional unit (FSK faced ALLEY WRAP™ B - Lanett, AL)

LIFE CYCLE STAGE	RAW MATERIAL ACQUISITION	MANUFACTURING	TRANSPORTATION	INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE	DISPOSAL/ REUSE/ RECYCLING	
Ecological damage						
Impact category	Unit					
Global warming	kg CO ₂ eq	3.03E-01	1.82E+00	2.27E-02	5.66E-03	2.81E-02
Ozone depletion	kg CFC-11 eq	3.53E-15	3.21E-09	5.07E-17	5.72E-17	8.10E-16
Acidification	kg SO ₂ eq	1.54E-03	4.15E-03	1.16E-04	3.37E-06	1.18E-04
Eutrophication	kg N eq	2.32E-04	6.55E-04	9.97E-06	1.56E-06	7.24E-06
Human health damage						
Impact category	Unit					
Smog	kg O ₃ eq	1.52E-02	6.73E-02	3.99E-03	4.40E-05	2.30E-03
Respiratory effects	kg PM _{2.5} eq	1.22E-04	2.50E-04	5.69E-06	1.67E-07	7.95E-06
Additional environmental information						
Impact category	Unit					
Carcinogenics	CTU _h	2.5%	94.6%	0.2%	0.0%	2.6%
Non-carcinogenics	CTU _h	5.7%	88.2%	0.4%	0.1%	5.6%
Ecotoxicity	CTU _e	7.4%	90.7%	0.9%	0.0%	0.9%
Fossil fuel depletion	MJ surplus	3.63E-01	3.10E+00	4.25E-02	1.37E-03	5.50E-02

References

LCA Background Report

Knauf Insulation North America and Manson Insulation Products LCA Background Report (public version), Knauf Insulation North America (KINA) updated in 2024 to include wrap products; developed using the TRACI v2.1 and CML impact assessment methodologies, and LCA for Experts modeling software.

ISO 14025, "Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works -- Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services"

ISO 21930:2017 serves as the core PCR along with UL Part A.

UL Part A: Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules and Report Requirements v4.0

March, 2022. PCR review conducted by Lindita Bushi, PhD, Chair (Athena Sustainable Materials Institute), lindita.bushi@athenasmi.org; Hugues Imbeault-Tétrault (Group AGECO); and Jack Geibig (Ecoform).

UL Part B: Building Envelope Thermal Insulation EPD Requirements, v2.0

April, 2018. PCR review conducted by Thomas Gloria, PhD, Chair (Industrial Ecology Consultants) t.gloria@industrial-ecology.com; Christoph Koffler, PhD (thinkstep); Andre Desjarlais (Oak Ridge National Laboratory).

UL Insulation General Program Instructions v2.4, July 2018 (available upon request)

[Download PDF](#) SM Transparency Report / EPD

SM Transparency Reports (TR) are ISO 14025 Type III environmental declarations (EPD) that enable purchasers and users to compare the potential environmental performance of products on a life cycle basis. Environmental declarations from different programs (ISO 14025) may not be comparable. Comparison of the environmental performance of products using EPD information shall be based on the product's use and impacts at the building level, and therefore EPDs may not be used for comparability purposes when not considering the building energy use phase as instructed under this PCR. Full conformance with the PCR for Building Envelope Thermal Insulation allows EPD comparability only when all stages of a life cycle have been considered. However, variations and deviations are possible. Example of variations: Different LCA software and background LCI datasets may lead to differences results for upstream or downstream of the life cycle stages declared.

Rating systems

The intent is to reward project teams for selecting products from manufacturers who have verified improved life-cycle environmental performance.

LEED BD+C: New Construction | v4 - LEED v4

Building product disclosure and optimization

Environmental product declarations

Industry-wide (generic) EPD ½product

Product-specific Type III EPD 1 product

LEED BD+C: New Construction | v4.1 - LEED v4.1

Building product disclosure and optimization

Environmental product declarations

Industry-wide (generic) EPD 1 product

Product-specific Type III EPD 1.5 products

Collaborative for High Performance Schools National Criteria

MW C5.1 – Environmental Product Declarations

Third-party certified type III EPD 2 points

Green Globes for New Construction and Sustainable Interiors

Materials and resources

NC 3.5.1.2 Path B: Prescriptive Path for Building Core and Shell

NC 3.5.2.2 and SI 4.1.2 Path B: Prescriptive Path for Interior Fit-outs

BREEAM New Construction 2018

Mat 02 - Environmental impacts from construction products

Environmental Product Declarations (EPD)

Industry-average EPD .5 point

Multi-product specific EPD .75 points

Product-specific EPD 1 point

SM Transparency Report (EPD)™

EPD	LCA
3rd-party reviewed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Transparency Report (EPD)	
3rd-party verified	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Validity: 02/23/24 – 02/23/29 MAN – 02232024 – 009	
MATERIAL HEALTH	Material evaluation
Self-declared	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

This environmental product declaration (EPD) was externally verified by Harmony Environmental, LLC according to ISO 21930:2017; UL Part A; UL Part B for Building Envelope Thermal Insulation Products; and ISO 14025:2006.
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LCIA software; LCI database
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In accordance with ISO 14044 and the reference PCR, this life cycle assessment was conducted by Sustainable Minds and verified by Harmony Environmental, LLC.

Public LCA:
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Lanett, AL **Shelbyville, IN** EPD additional content

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Functional unit
One square meter of installed insulation material, packaging included, with a thickness that gives an average thermal resistance of R_{eq} = 1m²-K/W with a building service life of 75 years.

Reference service life: 75 years when installed per manufacturer's instructions
Reference flow:
Unfaced: 0.650 kg of product with no facer option.
FSK faced: 0.772 kg of product with foil skim kraft (FSK) facer.

A thickness of 0.0388m achieves the functional unit. (ASTM C518)

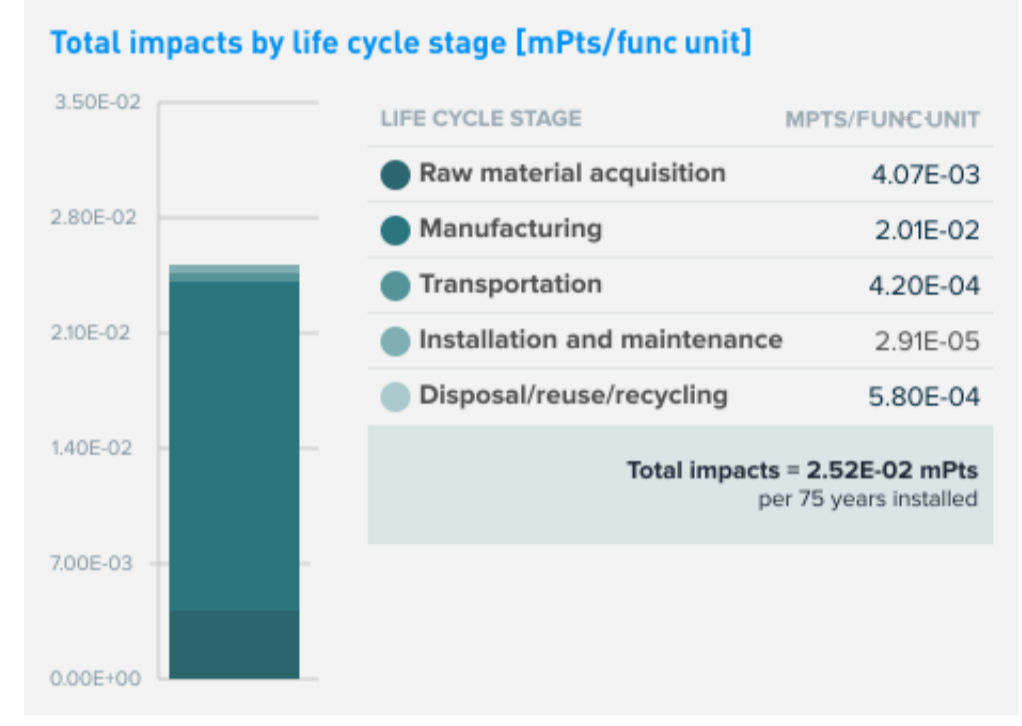
Manufacturing data
Reporting period: January 2022 – December 2022
Location: Shelbyville, IN

Default installation, packaging, and disposal scenarios
At the installation site, insulation products are unpackaged and installed. Staples may be used to install rolls. The potential impact of the staples is assumed to be negligible since their use is spread out over hundreds of rolls of product; therefore, they were not included in the model.

No material is assumed to be lost or wasted. Scraps are typically used to fill corners or crevices. Plastic packaging waste is disposed (9% to recycling, 68% to landfill, and 17% to incineration), and no maintenance or replacement is required over the life of the building. After removal, the insulation is assumed to be landfilled. Insulation and packaging waste are assumed to be transported 100 miles for disposal.

FSK faced product composition and impacts

Material composition greater than 1% by weight		
PART	MATERIAL	%WT.
Batch	Cullet	35-40%
Batch	Sand	5-8%
Batch	Borates	2-5%
Batch	Soda ash	2-5%
Batch	Feldspar	1-2%
Batch	Limestone	2-5%
Batch	Oxides	<1%
Binder	Water	20-25%
Binder	Sugars	5-8%
Binder	Additives	2-5%
Facer	FSK facer	15-20%
Packaging	Plastic	1-2%



LCA results

LIFE CYCLE STAGE	RAW MATERIAL ACQUISITION	MANUFACTURING	TRANSPORTATION	INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE	DISPOSAL/ REUSE/ RECYCLING
	(X) A1 Raw materials (X) A2 Transportation	(X) A3 Manufacturing	(X) A4 Distribution	(X) A5 Installation (X) B1 Use (X) B2 Maintenance (X) B3 Repair (X) B4 Replacement (X) B5 Refurbishment (X) B6 Operational energy use (X) B7 Operational water use	(X) C1 Deconstruction (X) C2 Transportation (X) C3 Waste processing (X) C4 Disposal
Information modules: Included (X) Excluded (MND)* *Module D is also excluded from this system boundary (MND).					

SM Single Score [Learn about SM Single Score results](#)

Impacts per 1 square meter of insulation material	Unfaced	4.34E-03 mPts	1.04E-02 mPts	3.54E-04 mPts	2.45E-05 mPts	4.89E-04 mPts
	FSK faced	4.07E-03 mPts	2.01E-02 mPts	4.20E-04 mPts	2.91E-05 mPts	5.80E-04 mPts
Materials or processes contributing >20% to total impacts in each life cycle stage		Batch material and binder material production.	Energy required to melt the glass and produce the glass fibers.	Truck and rail transportation used to transport product to building site.	Transportation to landfill and landfilling of packaging materials.	Transportation to landfill and landfilling of product at end of life.

TRACI v2.1 results per functional unit (unfaced ALLEY WRAP™ B - Shelbyville, IN)

LIFE CYCLE STAGE	RAW MATERIAL ACQUISITION	MANUFACTURING	TRANSPORTATION	INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE	DISPOSAL/ REUSE/ RECYCLING	
Ecological damage						
Impact category	Unit					
Global warming	kg CO ₂ eq	1.59E-01	1.20E+00	1.91E-02	4.76E-03	2.37E-02
Ozone depletion	kg CFC-11 eq	1.24E-12	1.29E-13	4.27E-17	4.82E-17	6.82E-16
Acidification	kg SO ₂ eq	8.25E-04	1.93E-03	9.80E-05	2.84E-06	9.93E-05
Eutrophication	kg N eq	1.89E-04	4.87E-04	8.40E-06	1.31E-06	6.10E-06
Human health damage						
Impact category	Unit					
Smog	kg O ₃ eq	8.82E-03	3.67E-02	3.36E-03	3.70E-05	1.94E-03
Respiratory effects	kg PM _{2.5} eq	6.56E-05	1.05E-04	4.79E-06	1.41E-07	6.69E-06
Additional environmental information						
Impact category	Unit					
Carcinogenics	CTU _h	2.8%	94.1%	0.2%	0.0%	2.8%
Non-carcinogenics	CTU _h	6.2%	86.3%	0.5%	0.1%	7.0%
Ecotoxicity	CTU _e	9.1%	89.1%	0.9%	0.0%	0.9%
Fossil fuel depletion	MJ surplus	2.50E-01	1.69E+00	3.58E-02	1.16E-03	4.63E-02

TRACI v2.1 results per functional unit (FSK faced ALLEY WRAP™ B Insulation - Shelbyville, IN)

LIFE CYCLE STAGE	RAW MATERIAL ACQUISITION	MANUFACTURING	TRANSPORTATION	INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE	DISPOSAL/ REUSE/ RECYCLING	
Ecological damage						
Impact category	Unit					
Global warming	kg CO ₂ eq	1.49E-01	1.63E+00	2.27E-02	5.66E-03	2.81E-02
Ozone depletion	kg CFC-11 eq	1.16E-12	2.88E-09	5.07E-17	5.72E-17	8.10E-16
Acidification	kg SO ₂ eq	7.73E-04	3.89E-03	1.16E-04	3.37E-06	1.18E-04
Eutrophication	kg N eq	1.77E-04	5.87E-04	9.97E-06	1.56E-06	7.24E-06
Human health damage						
Impact category	Unit					
Smog	kg O ₃ eq	8.27E-03	5.91E-02	3.99E-03	4.40E-05	2.30E-03
Respiratory effects	kg PM _{2.5} eq	6.16E-05	2.47E-04	5.69E-06	1.67E-07	7.95E-06
Additional environmental information						
Impact category	Unit					
Carcinogenics	CTU _h	2.4%	94.3%	0.3%	0.0%	3.0%
Non-carcinogenics	CTU _h	4.6%	88.3%	0.4%	0.1%	6.5%
Ecotoxicity	CTU _e	8.0%	89.9%	1.0%	0.1%	1.0%
Fossil fuel depletion	MJ surplus	2.34E-01	2.42E+00	4.25E-02	1.37E-03	5.50E-02

References

LCA Background Report
Knauf Insulation North America, and Manson Insulation Products LCA Background Report (public version), Knauf Insulation North America (KINA) updated in 2024 to include wrap products; developed using the TRACI v2.1 and CML impact assessment methodologies, and LCA for Experts modeling software.

ISO 14025, "Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works -- Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services"

ISO 21930:2017 serves as the core PCR along with UL Part A.

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UL Part B: Building Envelope Thermal Insulation EPD Requirements, v2.0
April, 2018. PCR review conducted by Thomas Gloria, PhD, Chair (Industrial Ecology Consultants) t.gloria@industrial-ecology.com; Christoph Koffler, PhD (thinkstep); Andre Desjarlais (Oak Ridge National Laboratory).

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What's causing the greatest impacts

All life cycle stages

The manufacturing stage dominates all impact categories for FSK faced wrap. For unfaced wrap, the manufacturing stage dominates almost all impact categories except for ozone depletion, where the raw material acquisition stage takes precedence. The energy required to melt the glass and produce the glass fibers is the largest contributor to the manufacturing stage. The impact of the raw material acquisition stage is mostly due to the batch and binder materials. The contributions to outbound transportation are caused by the use of trucks and rail transport. The only impacts associated with installation and maintenance are due to the disposal of packaging waste, which is the smallest contributor of all the stages. At the end of life, insulation is manually removed from the building and landfilled. For all products, waste is dominated by the final disposal of the product. Non-hazardous waste accounts for waste generated during manufacturing and installation.

Raw materials acquisition and transportation

The raw material acquisition stage is the second highest contributor for most impact categories, but for unfaced wrap, ozone depletion potential is almost entirely generated from this stage. The raw materials acquisition stage impact is largely due to the borax, manganese oxide, and soda ash in the batch and binder materials. Third-party verified ISO 14040/44 secondary LCI data sets contribute more than 80% of the total impacts to ozone depletion.

Manufacturing stage

The manufacturing stage has the most significant contribution to all impact categories for FSK faced wrap, primarily due to the energy required to melt the glass and produce the glass fibers. The raw material acquisition stage takes precedence for ozone depletion only for unfaced wrap. Since some batch ingredients significantly contribute to the respiratory effects category, they can lead to higher impact results in the raw materials acquisition stage. However, since sand and borax are melted in the oven with the other batch materials, they are not released into the air as fine particulates. Therefore, the calculated potential impacts as shown in the results tables are likely much larger than the actual impacts in the raw material acquisition stage. This implies that the manufacturing stage may have a greater share of the impact than what is displayed in the total impacts by life cycle stage.

Distribution

Outbound transportation is the third highest contributor to smog impacts.

End of life

The end-of-life impacts are largely due to landfilling of the product after it has been removed from the building and transported to a landfill. Since materials are assumed to be landfilled at the end of life rather than incinerated or reused/recycled, no materials are available for energy recovery or reuse/recycling.

Embodied carbon

Embodied carbon can be defined as the cradle-to-gate (A1-A3) global warming potential impacts. The total embodied carbon per functional unit of ALLEY WRAP™ B insulation manufactured in Shelbyville, IN is 1.36E+00 kg CO₂-eq for unfaced wrap and 1.78E+00 kg CO₂-eq for FSK faced wrap.

How we're making it greener
Manson Insulation is committed to providing products that conserve energy and preserve natural resources.

- Our products with ECOSE® Technology contain a bio-based binder adhesive instead of a fossil fuel-based binder.
- Our fiberglass contains on average over 60% recycled glass, which requires about 20% less energy required to form glass fibers, and results in about 25% reduction in embodied carbon.
- Our glass is audited by a 3rd party to ensure biosoluble chemistry from a health and safety standpoint.

[See how we make it greener](#)

<p>EPD LCA</p> <p>3rd-party reviewed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Transparency Report (EPD)</p> <p>3rd-party verified <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Validity: 02/23/24 – 02/23/29 MAN – 02232024 – 009</p> <p>MATERIAL HEALTH Material evaluation</p> <p>Self-declared <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>This environmental product declaration (EPD) was externally verified by Harmony Environmental, LLC, according to ISO 21930:2017; UL Part A; UL Part B for Building Envelope Thermal Insulation Products; and ISO 14025:2006.</p> <p>Harmony Environmental, LLC 16362 W. Briarwood Ct. Olathe, KS 66062 www.harmonyenviro.com (913) 780-3328</p> <p> Harmony Environmental, LLC Management • Analysis • Communication Beyond Sustainability, Striving for Harmony</p>	<p>SUMMARY Reference PCR UL Part B: Building Envelope Thermal Insulation v2.0</p> <p>Regions; system boundaries North America; Cradle-to-grave</p> <p>Functional unit / ESL: 1 m² installed insulation material, packaging included, with thickness that gives average thermal resistance of R_{eq} = 1m²-K/W over an estimated service life of 75 years</p> <p>LCA methodology: TRACI 2.1 LCA software; LCI database LCA for Experts v10.7; LCA for Experts 2023</p> <p>In accordance with ISO 14044 and the reference PCR, this life cycle assessment was conducted by Sustainable Minds and verified by Harmony Environmental, LLC.</p> <p>Public LCA: Knauf Insulation North America and Manson Insulation Products, updated Feb 2024 with wrap products</p>	<p>Manson Insulation One Knauf Drive Shelbyville, IN 46176 www.imanson.com 317.398.4434</p> <p>Contact us</p>
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How we make it greener

ALLEY WRAP™ B

Collapse all

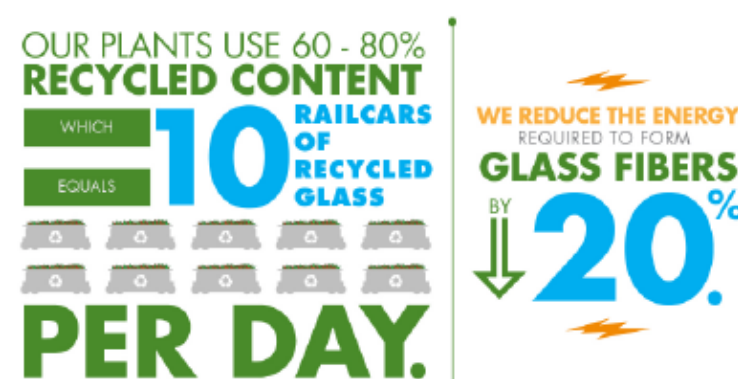
RAW MATERIALS ACQUISITION



Utilize recycled content

By leveraging recycled content, we reduce the energy required to form glass fibers.

- We use about 10 railcars of recycled glass per day.



MANUFACTURING

Lead green chemistry efforts

Following the launch of our ECOSE® Technology in 2008, we had transformed most of our products and processes to this new technology. Using our bio-based ECOSE® Technology has removed phenol and formaldehyde from our stack emissions. This initiative not only established Manson Insulation in a leadership position, but it had a transformative impact on our industry in general.



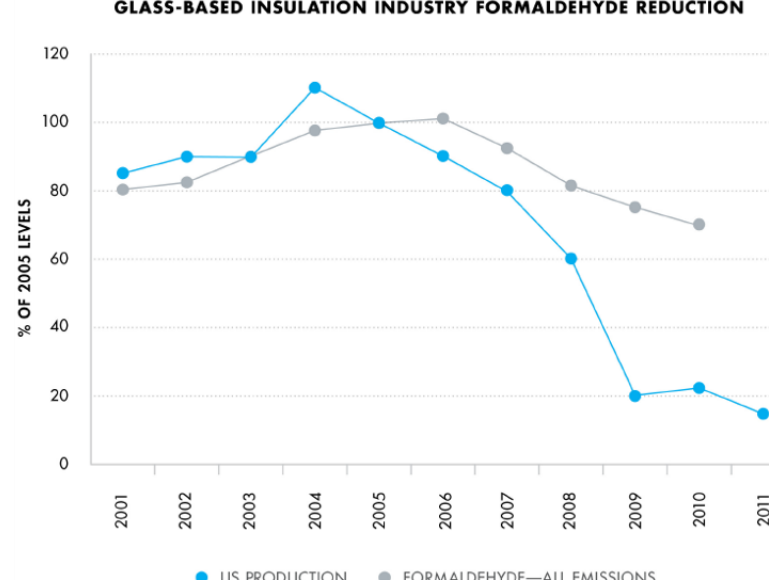
Reduce scrap generation and energy consumption

Continuous improvement is the methodology we utilize to engage the entire Manson team in our manufacturing excellence and sustainability journey.

Manson Insulation, has an overall global certification for ISO 45001 Health & Safety, ISO 14001 Environmental, ISO 50001 Energy, and ISO 9001 Quality through a third-party Certification Body.

Our Continuous Improvement Program, with all its tools and systems associated with it, provide a formal process where we are constantly monitoring our manufacturing and sustainability Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) with an eye towards improvement. This Continuous Improvement centric management system has proven to be effective in improving our sustainability by reducing scrap generation and energy consumption.

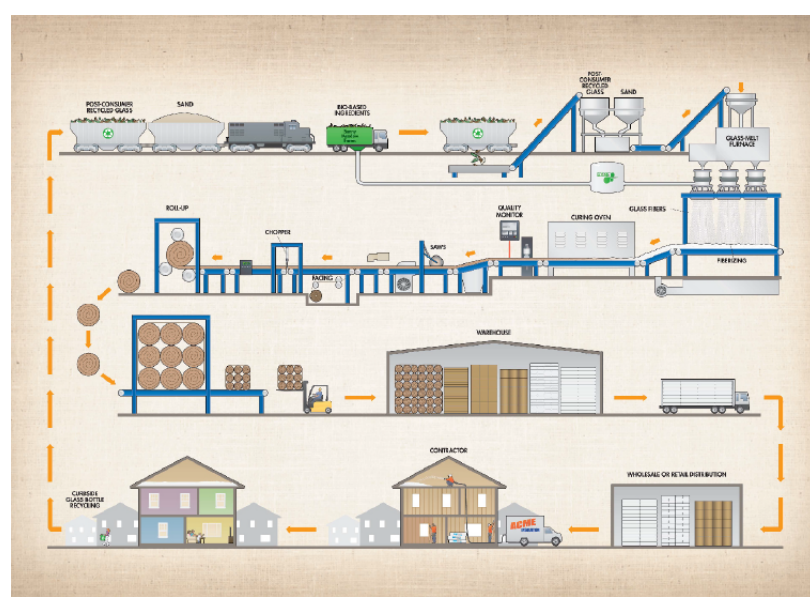
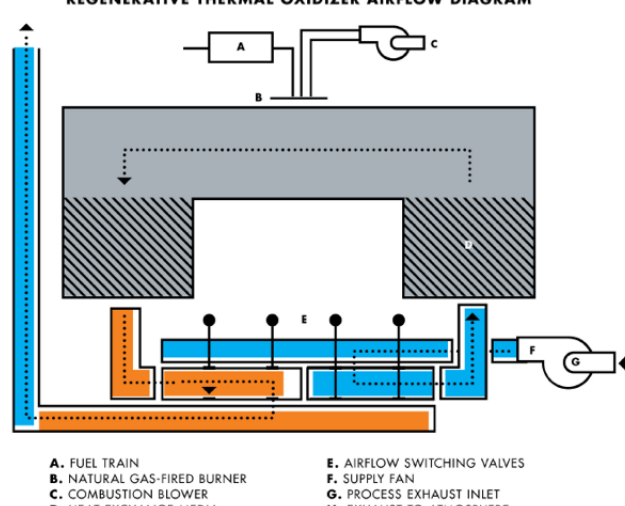
GLASS-BASED INSULATION INDUSTRY FORMALDEHYDE REDUCTION



Green manufacturing processes

Regenerative thermal oxidizers We use regenerative thermal oxidizers (RTO) to capture and recycle much of the energy we use to cure our products. RTO is equipment used for the treatment of exhaust air. Our ovens exhaust into a ceramic heat exchange media to capture and reuse the heat in the exhausted air. Therefore, the amount of energy required to cure our product is reduced substantially.

REGENERATIVE THERMAL OXIDIZER AIRFLOW DIAGRAM

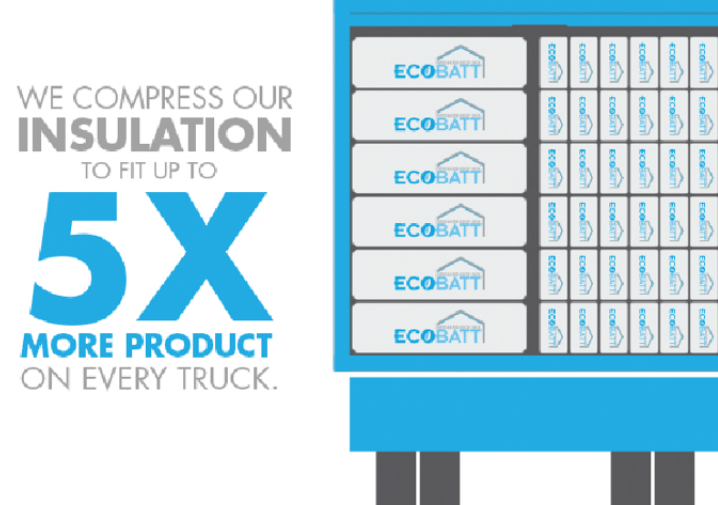


TRANSPORTATION



Leverage compression packaging

Glass is a high modulus material, which helps to facilitate compression packaging. We compress our insulation to fit up to five times more product on every truck, thereby reducing the amount of deliveries that need to be made, which saves time and emissions from transportation.



INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE



Be confident in glass fiber's safety

In the past, a label regarding the carcinogenic potential of insulation made from glass fibers was required on all packaging. Following forty years of research, fiberglass has been exonerated entirely. Our fiberglass is comprised of fibers that are biosoluble, meaning that the fibers dissolve in the body in a short period of time and exit the body with normal bodily functions. The scrutiny fiberglass has undergone is now seen as proof of its safety.

Meet and exceed green standards

GREENGUARD certified On the forefront of indoor air quality, Manson Insulation had the first GREENGUARD certified product in 2002. This achievement led us to understand the impact our formaldehyde-free products could have on the indoor environment. The formaldehyde-free claim is third party validated by UL Environment.

3rd Party UL Environmental Claim Validation states that Manson Insulation products manufactured in North America contain an average of 61% recycled content, consisting of 20% post-consumer and 41% pre-consumer recycled glass.

EUCEB tested Glass fiber is a widely studied building material. All of our processes and formulations are voluntarily third-party audited for compliance with the health and safety exonerated criteria for glass and rock based fiber through the European Certification Board for Mineral Wool Products (EUCEB) exonerated process. This guarantees the formulations are biosoluble and pose no health concerns. Having over 35 years of research behind its safety, fiberglass products have been thoroughly evaluated and therefore we believe it is one of the safest building materials available today.



Green building rating systems

Our products offer a vast array of potential credits for major green building rating systems, including: WELL, LEED v4, International Green Construction Code, Green Guide for Health Care, NAHB Green Building Standard, and more.

Visit the [green building rating systems page](#) to see all the credits you can earn using Manson and Knauf Insulation products

Green building rating system credits

Find out all the credits you can earn with Knauf products.

[Learn more](#)

DISPOSAL



Promote Recycling

By taking a comprehensive approach of the benefits of recycling, Manson Insulation advocates and promotes local recycling initiatives as well as actively participates in state and local government policy development. In addition, as a member of the North American Insulation Manufacturers Association (NAIMA) and Glass Recycling Coalition (GRC), we encourage regulatory and legislative initiatives that focus on glass recycling infrastructure deployment to increase the availability of post-consumer recycled glass.



SM Transparency Report (EPD)™

EPD	LCA
3rd-party reviewed	✓
Transparency Report (EPD)	
3rd-party verified	✓
Validity: 02/23/24 – 02/23/29 MAN – 02232024 – 009	Material evaluation
MATERIAL HEALTH	Self-declared
	✓

This environmental product declaration (EPD) was externally verified by **Harmony Environmental, LLC**, according to **ISO 21930:2017; UL Part A; UL Part B for Building Envelope Thermal Insulation Products; and ISO 14025:2006**.

Harmony Environmental, LLC
16362 W. Briarwood Ct.
Olathe, KS 66062
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SUMMARY

Reference PCR
UL Part B: Building Envelope Thermal Insulation v2.0

Regions; system boundaries
North America; Cradle-to-grave

Functional unit / ESL:
1 m² installed insulation material, packaging included, with thickness that gives average thermal resistance of R₀ = 1m²-K/W over an estimated service life (ESL) of 75 years

LCA methodology: TRACI 2.1

LCA software; LCI database
LCA for Experts v10.7; LCA for Experts 2023

In accordance with ISO 14044 and the reference PCR, this life cycle assessment was conducted by Sustainable Minds and verified by Harmony Environmental, LLC.

Public LCA:
Knauf Insulation North America and Manson Insulation Products, updated Feb 2024 with wrap products

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